

European Results-based Payments Network

Workshop on results-based payments Caernarfon 12-13/03/2024

Calculating payments; combining measures

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Ariennir gan Lywodraeth Cymru Funded by Welsh Government

Google Earth

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Public and private not the same

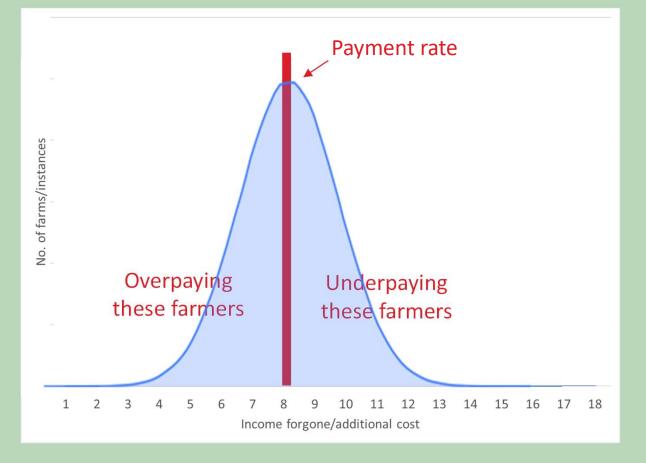


- Fight control on what is paid for is unavoidable (but implications vary a lot)
- Key things for auditor clarity and no surprises?
- Predictability is prized
- Subject to international treaty obligations
 - WTO Agreement on Agriculture
 - Green box payments limited to additional costs and income forgone
 - (other payments possible, but limited in scale by treaty)

How limiting is WTO in practice?

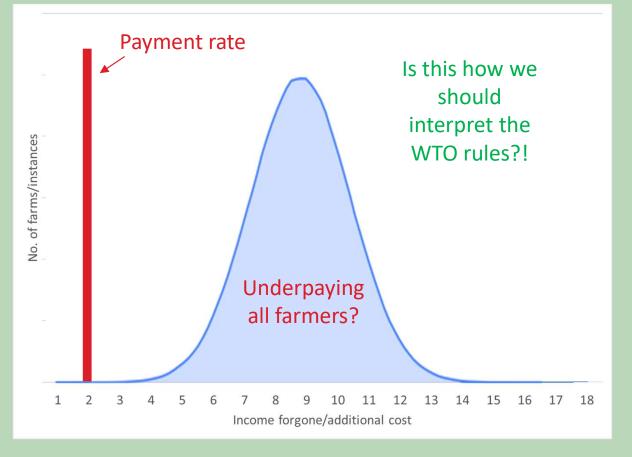
- Less talk about going beyond Green Box from WG?
- Name a payment with full reimbursement of additional costs (or income forgone)
- Tradition in UK of imagining an income forgone even on uneconomic systems (incl. systems paying less that minimum wage for farmer's time)
- Work for Land Use Policy Group showed how broad a WTO-compatible approach could be
 - Additional costs including full cost of labour (not just minimum wage if opportunies in wider economy locally)
 - Opportunity costs of other incentives (e.g. afforestation)
- Clear link, in principle at least, to specified costs limits wastage and at least highlights freeloading

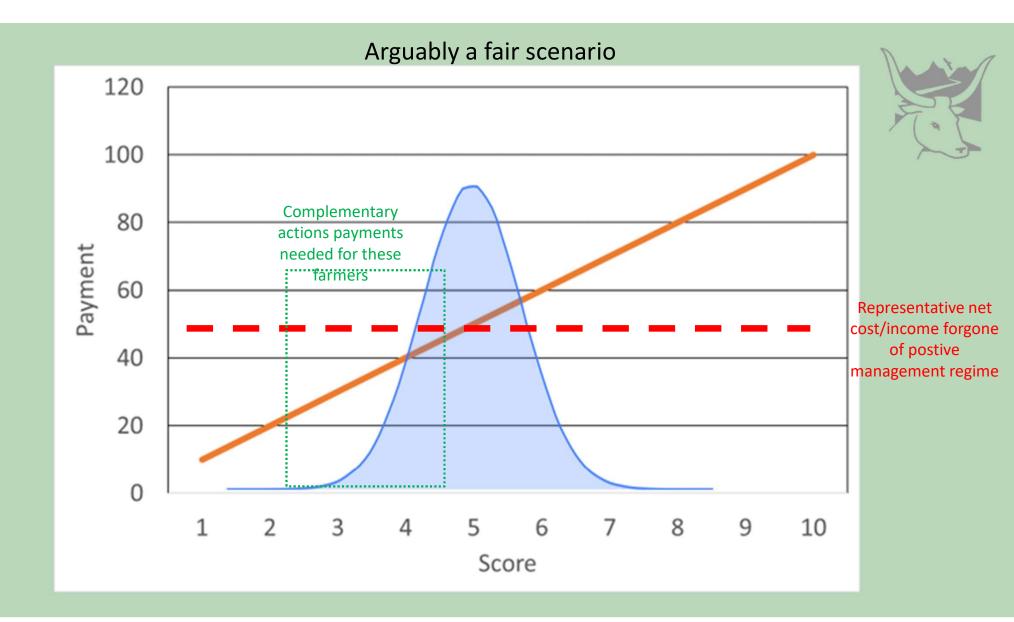
Remember you're always making choices/assumptions

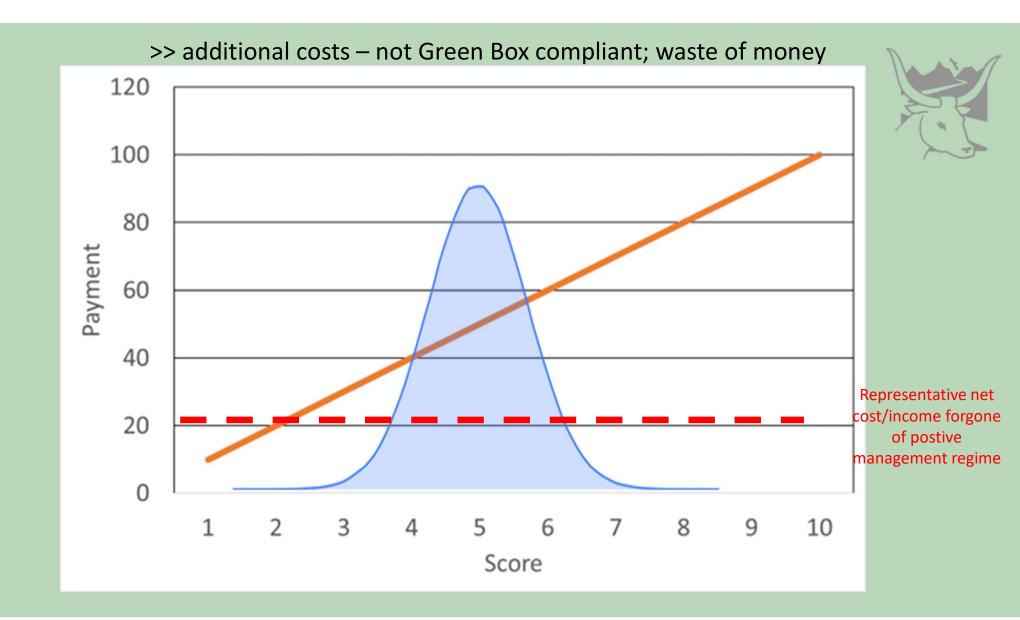


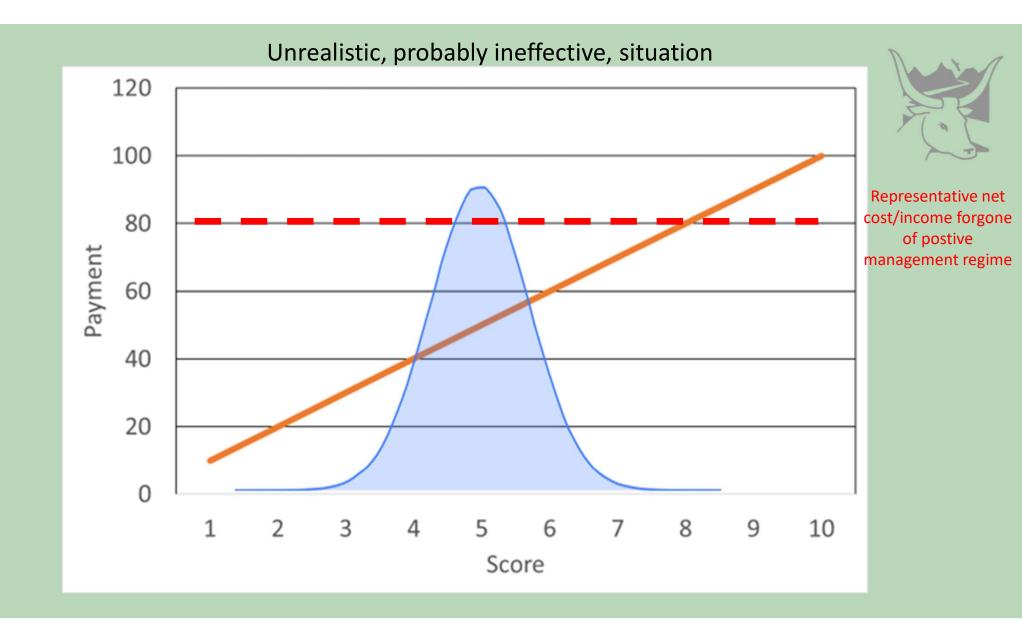


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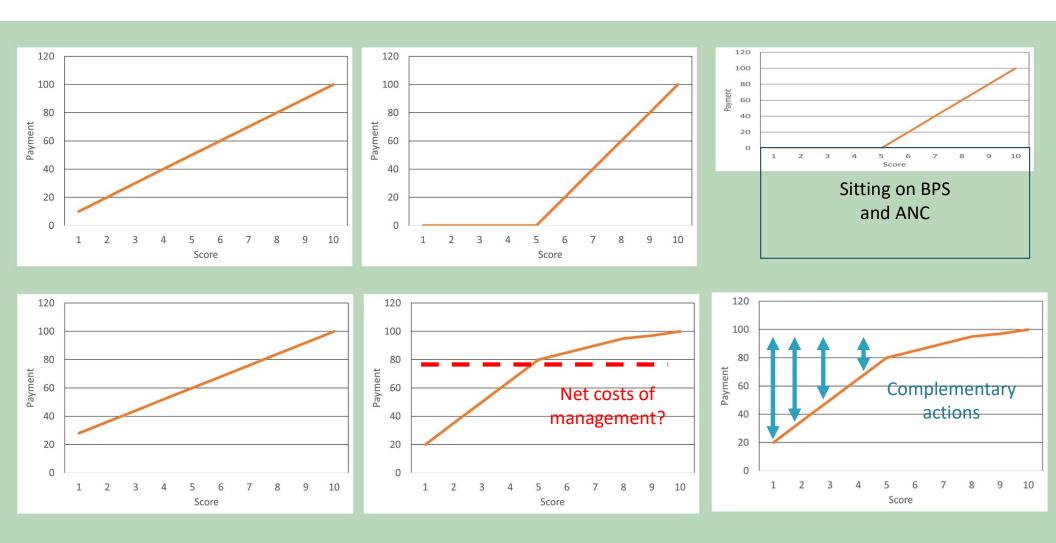






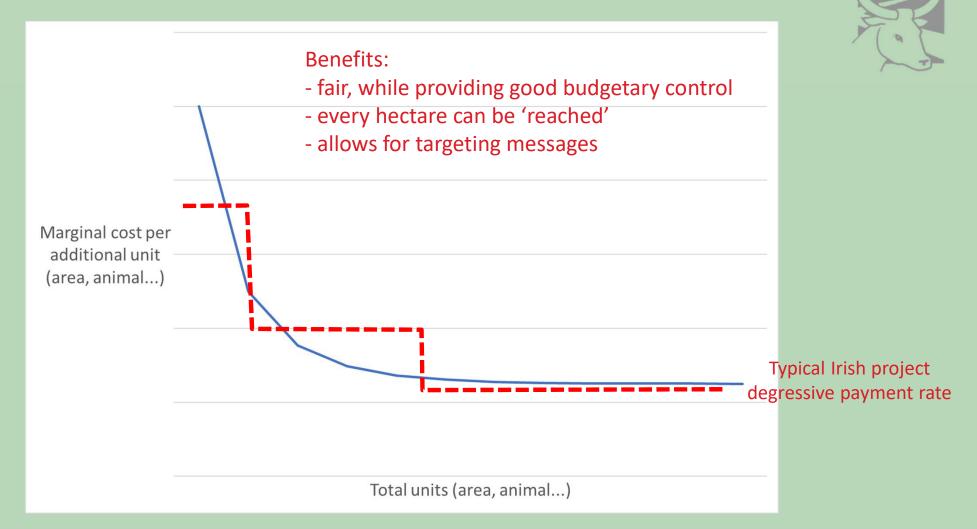
Item	per LU	per ha	Source; comment
Per LU costs			
Hill sheep farms management and investment loss	237.52	118.76	IBERS
Extra labour of hill cattle (half of stocking rate)	75.00	37.50	QMS – half of difference in labour cost between hill and upland
Wintering (half of stocking rate)	104.00	52.05	Exeter – half of calculated cost
Extra 2 TB tests, taking ave. cost for 20 tested animals	13.74	6.87	Steffan Vets, pers. comm.
A. Sub-total per LU costs		215.18	
Per ha costs			
Additional costs of management		22.50	Glastir
Additional management costs of heavy stock		15.00	Glastir
B. Sub-total per ha costs		37.50	
C. Sub-total field-based costs		252.68	A + B
D. Transaction costs 20%		50.54	20% of C
E. Total estimated cost		303.21	C + D
Table 7. Calculation of estimated secto for a stocking density of 0.5.111/ba			

Table 7. Calculation of estimated costs for a stocking density of 0.5 LU/ha

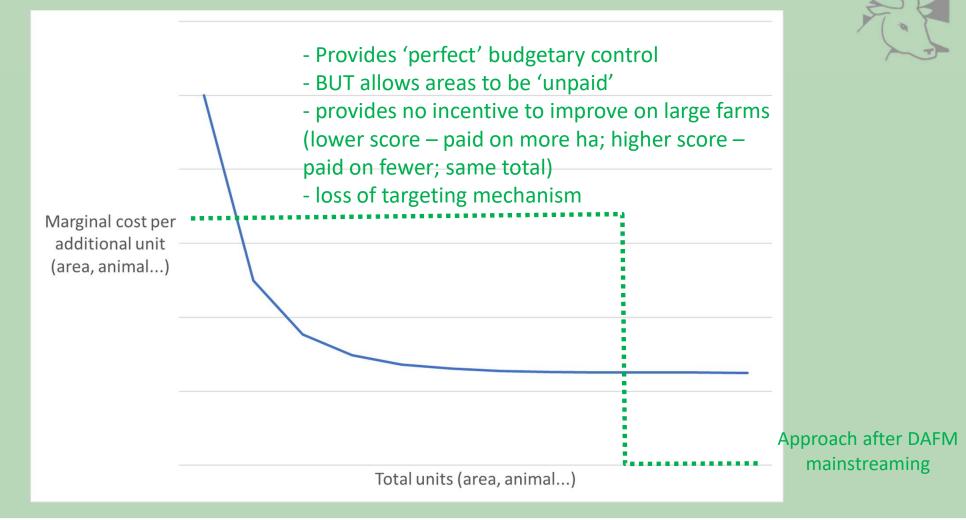


(not forgetting any transaction costs on commons)

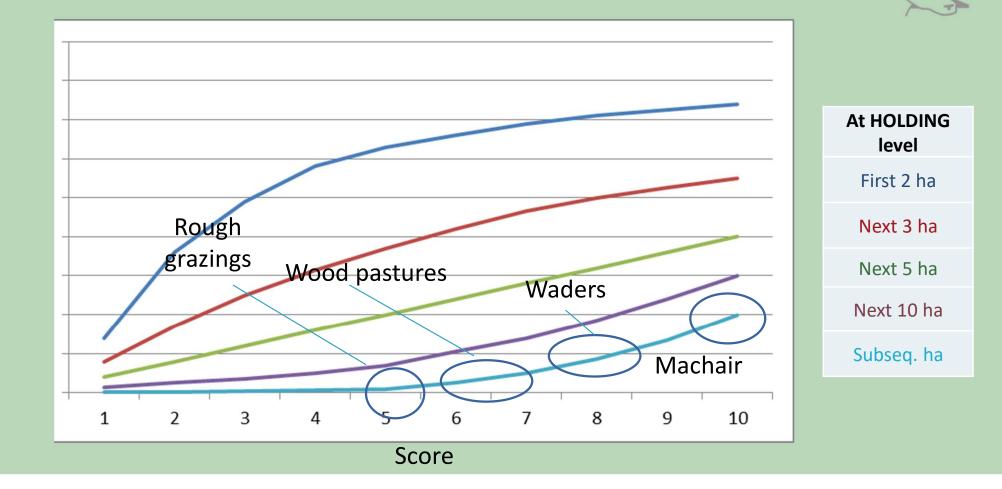
Variable marginal cost



Variable marginal cost

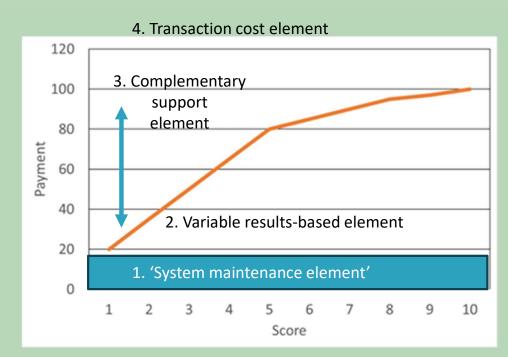


A suggested landscape-wide approach from Scotland



Allocating budgets

- If budget tight, the bigger the prop. needed for system maintenance (while the higher the policy push for targeting additionality....)
- Complementary support may not be one-off or time-limited if condition hard to shift
- Complementary support might even have a flexibly-prescriptive feel
- Fixed total = complementary + variable (+...) allows for budgetary discipline
- Trialling gives good estimate of initial scores (& therefore results-based element cost)
- Transaction costs may recognise patterns (e.g. high for commons; high for smallest holdings or small fields)



Advisory/support staff

- > Essential for effective delivery, whatever the approach
- > How to pay for the support?
 - Agents of the state?
 - Agents of farmers?
 - Possible mixed approach?
- Some example approaches to budget/who pays:
 - Ireland
 - Austria
 - Netherlands



Combining measures

- > Depends how you divide up/describe your measures
- > AECM
- Non-productive investments
- Cooperation measure (old SMS; old EIP groups...)
- Training
- ≻
 - Burren AECM; non-productive investments; technical assistance
 - ACRES CP AECM; non-productive investments; cooperation measure
- Key thing is as seamless, as policy-outcome-focussed, a package design as possible

